SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK COUNTY OF ALBANY

KIMBERLY HURRELL-HARRING, JAMES ADAMS, JOSEPH BRIGGS, RICKY LEE GLOVER, RICHARD LOVE, JACQUELINE WINBRONE, LANDE LOYZELLE, TOSHA STEELE, BRUCE WASHINGTON, SHAWN CHASE, JEMAR JOHNSON, ROBERT TOMBERELLI, CHRISTOPHER YAW, LUTHER WOODROW OF BOOKER, JR., EDWARD KAMINSKI, JOY METZLER, VICTOR TURNER, CANDACE BOOKINS, RANDY HABSHI and RONALD McINTYRE, on behalf of themselves and all others Similarly situated,

Index No: 8866-07

Plaintiffs.

ANSWER on behalf of the County of Schuyler

٧.

THE STATE OF NEW YORK, GOVERNOR DAVID PATTERSON, in his official capacity, THE COUNTY OF ONONDAGA, NEW YORK, THE COUNTY OF ONTARIO, NEW YORK, THE COUNTY OF SCHUYLER, NEW YORK, THE COUNTY OF SUFFOLK, NEW YORK, and the COUNTY OF WASHINGTON, NEW YORK, Defendants.

Schuyler County, New York, appearing by its attorney, James P. Coleman, J.D., Schuyler County Attorney, alleges and shows to the court in answer to Plaintiffs' Complaint* that Defendant:

- 1-3 Lacks sufficient information to form a belief as to the allegations at paragraphs
 1-3 of Plaintiffs' Complaint.¹
 - Admits as to the existence of the Kaye Commission Report, cannot express a conviction regarding the accuracy of its conclusions.

All responses are in the same order as enumerated in Plaintiffs' Complaint, some are consolidated in the interest of brevity but Plaintiffs' numbering scheme is followed.

^{1.} In order to avoid the tedious repetition of a formulaic mantra throughout the remainder of the Answer, the phrase "Lacks information" shall mean "Lacks information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth or falsity regarding the allegation(s) at paragraphs of Plaintiffs' Complaint."

- Admits as to the existence of the Kaye Commission Report, cannot express a conviction regarding the accuracy of its conclusions.
- Admit the identities of Plaintiffs and their status as criminal defendants, the appropriateness of their class representation is dealt with, infra.
- 7 Lacks information.
- 8 Admits.
- Admit that counsel is a right to meaningful and effective assistance. Lack information as to Plaintiffs' conclusion regarding New York Public Defender counsel.
- 10 Admits.
- 11 Lacks information.
- 12 Lacks information.
- 13 Lacks information.
- 14 Lacks information.
- 15 Lacks information.

PARTIES

- 16-35 Admits.
- 36 Admits.
- 36(a) Admits.
- 37-41 Admits.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 42 Admits.
- 43 Admits.

THE STATE'S FAILURE TO PROVIDE FOR CONSTITUTIONALLY AND LEGALLY ADEQUATE PUBLIC DEFENSE SERVICES

- 44-52 Lacks information. (Mrs. Hurrell-Harring)
- 53-68 Lacks information. (James Adams)

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69-81
           Lacks information. (Joseph Briggs)
82-96
           Lacks information. (Ricky Lee Glover)
97-107
           Lacks information. (Richard Love, Jr.)
108-119
           Lacks information. (Jacqueline Winbrone)
120-126
           Lacks information. (Lane Loyzelle)
127-135
           Lacks information. (Tosha Steele)
136-143
           Lacks information. (Bruce Washington)
144-152
           Lacks information. (Shawn Chase)
153-161
           Lacks information. (Jemar Johnson)
162-169
           Lacks information. (Robert Tomberelli)
170-177
           Lacks information. (Christopher Yaw)
178-191
           Lacks information. (Luther Woodrow of Booker, Jr.)
192-202
           Lacks information. (Edward Kaminski)
203-208
          Lacks information. (Joy Metzler)
209-218
          Lacks information. (Victor Turner)
219-226
          Lacks information. (Candace Brookins)
227-234
          Lacks information. (Randy Habshi)
235-241
          Lacks information. (Ronald McIntyre)
242
          Admits.
243
          Admits.
244
          Admits.
245
          Admits.
246
          Admits.
247
          Lacks information.
          Lacks information.
248
249
          Admits.
250
          Lacks information.
251
          Lacks information.
252
          Lacks information.
253
          Lacks information.
254
          Lacks information. ("Above my pay grade.")
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255	Admit first allegation; lacking information as to the second.
256	Lacks information.
257	Lacks information except insofar as the Schuyler County Public
	Defender's Office is concerned. On information and belief the Schuyler
	County Public Defender's Office is/was in compliance at all times relevant
	herein.
258	Lacks information.
259	Admits except insofar as the Schuyler County Public Defender services
•	are concerned. On information and belief Schuyler County services are
	adequate, given the miniscule size (population 19,000) and extreme
	poverty of the county.
260	Admits.
261	Lacks information except insofar as Schuyler County is concerned. State
	funding amounted to 28% of the cost of Public Defender services in 2007.
262	Admits the existence of the Kaye Commission Report but lacks
	information re the conclusions therein.
263	Admits the fact that the Kaye Commission concluded as alleged, but lacks
	information as to the accuracy thereof.
264	Admits.
265	Admits.
266	Admits.
267	Admits the fact that the Kaye Commission concluded as alleged, but lacks
	information as to the accuracy thereof.
268	Admits the fact that the Kaye Commission concluded as alleged, but lacks
	information as to the accuracy thereof.
269	Lacks information.
270	Admits.
271	Admits.
272	Admits.
273	Admits the fact that the Kaye Commission concluded as alleged, but lacks
,	information as to the accuracy thereof.

274	Admits.
275	Admits the fact that the Kaye Commission concluded as alleged, but lacks
	information as to the accuracy thereof.
276	Admits.
277	Admits the findings, denies application to Schuyler County.
278	Admits the fact that the Kaye Commission concluded as alleged, but lacks
	information as to the accuracy thereof.
279	Admits the existence of the report, denies application to Schuyler County.
280	Admits.
281	Lacks information.
282	Lacks information and notes that Plaintiffs' allegations cumulate hearsay
	upon hearsay.
283	Lacks information.
284	Denies - unable to quantify "national consensus."
285	Lacks information.
286	Denies insofar as Schuyler county is concerned, particularly in regard to
	allegations that judicial, prosecutional and political authorities
	compromise representation. (Emphasis added.)
287	Lacks information.
288	Lacks information and notes hearsay upon hearsay.
289	Admits.
290	Lacks information.
291	Lacks information.
292	Lacks information.
293	Denies. Schuyler County defendants arraigned overnight initially may
	appear without counsel, however, assigned counsel is typically available
	in 2-5 days at which time bail reduction is addressed.
294	Lacks information.
295	Lacks information.
296	Lacks information. It is unclear whether or not the defendant
	spontaneously spoke when judge merely explained a charge to him.

	297	Lacks information.
	298	Lacks information as to the first conclusory allegation; admits the second.
	299	admits the fact of the Kaye Commission Report; lacks information as to its
•		conclusions.
	300	Denies insofar as Schuyler County is concerned; lacks information as to
		other counties.
	301	The office of the Schuyler County Pubic Defender has been substantially
		restructured since this allegation was made.
	302	Lacks information.
	303	Lacks information.
	304	Lacks information.
	305	Admits the fact of the Kaye Commission Report, but lacks information as
		to its conclusions.
	306	Lacks information.
	307	Lacks information.
	308	Lacks information.
	309	Lacks information.
	310	Lacks information.
	311	Lacks information.
	312	Lacks information.
	313	Denies the allegation. The Schuyler County indigent defense eligibility
		standards are explained in detail at Exhibit "A" hereto.
	314	Denies the allegation on the same grounds as #313, supra.
	315	Lacks information.
	316	Lacks information.
	317	Lacks information.
	318	Lacks information.
	319	Lacks information.
·	320	Lacks information.

321	Lacks information, but notes that the Schuyler County Public Defender's		
	Office has been reorganized in 2008 to eliminate the situation alleged and		
	similar circumstances.		
322	Lacks information.		
323	Lacks information.		
324	Lacks information.		
325	Lacks information.		
326	Lacks information.		
327	Lacks information.		
328	Lacks information.		
329	Denies. Schuyler County had and has a direct line from the jail;		
	moreover, during the relevant period and to the present day, the Schuyler		
	County Public Defender's Office does accept collect calls from defendants		
	regardless of their location.		
330	Lacks information.		
331	Lacks information.		
332	Lacks information.		
333	Lacks information.		
334	Lacks information.		
335	Lacks information		
336	Admits the fact of the Kaye Commission, but lacks information as to its		
	conclusions.		
337	Lacks information.		
338	Lacks information.		
339	Lacks information.		
340	The Public Defender for Schuyler County is appointed by the Legislature		
	on recommendation of the Schuyler County Attorney. The Public Safety		
	Criminal Justice Committee considers candidates on a case-by-case basis.		
341	Admits as to Schuyler County.		
342	Lacks information.		
343	Lacks information.		

344	Lacks information.
345	Lacks information as to the Plaintiffs' first assertion regarding training
	requirements; denies Plaintiffs' allegation regarding access to training
	programs insofar as Schuyler County is concerned.
346	Admits insofar as Schuyler County is concerned.
347	Admits insofar as Schuyler County is concerned.
348	Lacks information.
349	Lacks information.
350	Lacks information.
351	Denies the allegation that Public Defenders are not provided with the
	resources necessary to obtain support services. Such services are available
	via §722-c of the County Law. The duty to request assistance would rest
	with counsel; the duty to comply with §722-c would rest with the court.
	Moreover, during county year 2007 the Schuyler County Public
	Defender's Office did have money in its budget for such services.
352	Lacks information, but notes that one can't get what isn't requested.
353	Lacks information.
354	Admits the allegation to the extent of acknowledging the existence of
	standards for certain aspects of the defense system.
355	Lacks information.
356	Lacks information.
357	Lacks information.
358	Lacks information.
359	Lacks information.
360	Lacks information.
361	Lacks information.
362	Lacks information.
363	Denies. Workload is monitored by the Schuyler County Public Defender.
364	Denies as to Schuyler County.

	365	Admits first allegation as to Schuyler County; lacks information as to
		remainder and notes that since 1/1/08 the Schuyler County Public
		Defender does not practice privately.
	366	Admits that Schuyler County uses part-time Assistant Public Defenders
		but current Schuyler County Public Defender is prohibited from private
		practice and is genuinely full time.
	367	Admits.
	368	Lacks information.
	369	Lacks information.
	370	Lacks information.
	371	Denies. Schuyler County now has vertical representation.
	372	Lacks information.
	373	Lacks information.
	374	Lacks information.
	375	Lacks information.
	376	Admits that allegation #376 was formerly true but that vertical
		representation is now the rule.
	377	Denies as to Schuyler County.
	378	Lacks information.
	379	Lacks information.
÷	380	Admits.
	381	Lacks information.
	382	Lacks information.
	383	Lacks information but there must exist some check and balance on the
		defense just as the voters and legislators constrain prosecution budgets.
	384	Admits / Admits but deny performance-based standards set by political
		actors.
	385	Lacks information but observes that this allegation has expressed no more
		and no less our deepest financial philosophy since the founding of the
		Republic – the Legislature originates money bills and controls budgets.

Lacks information as to the specific in Washington County but observes that judges <u>must</u> have discretion in regard to costs. Costs cannot be left within the unfettered discretion of the defense any more than any other agency of government in a fiscally-responsible, constitutionally cognizant check-and-balance system. If denials of services or costs are thought to be arbitrary or otherwise unacceptable, the issues are appealable or otherwise reviewable.

387	Lacks	inforn	nation
201	エルロロバン	THITOHI	itativii,

- 388 Admits.
- 389 Admits.
- 390 Lacks information.
- 391 Admits.
- 392 Lacks information.
- 393 Lacks information.
- 394 Lacks information.
- 395 Admits.
- 396 Admits.
- 397 Admits.
- 398 Admits.
- 399 Lacks information.
- 400 Lacks information.
- 401 Lacks information.
- 402 Admits.
- 403 Lacks information.
- 404 Lacks information.
- Lacks information re public beliefs but admits that the Schuyler County
 Public Defender did in fact refuse to move into a county building.

CLASS ALLEGATIONS

406	Denies and notes that the requirements of representativeness and typicality
	sufficient to permit class certification are lacking.
407	Denies. Notes that the attribution of class characteristics to future
	defendants is speculative.
408	Denies. Notes that the ultimate financial issues to be resolved in the
	context of this action lie outside the purview of judicial compulsion with
	regard to co-equal branches of government.
409	Denies.
410	Denies.
411	Denies.
412	Denies.

OTHER ALLEGATIONS

- Denies. However, it <u>is</u> within the judicial power to declare a particular indigent defense delivery system unconstitutionally inadequate.
- 414 Admits.
- 415-419 Lacks information.

AS AND FOR AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSES, DEFENDANT SCHUYLER COUNTY ALLEGES AS FOLLOWS

FIRST AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

The ultimate relief sought by Plaintiffs, if granted, could provoke a constitutional crisis wherein the judiciary upholds an order which the executive and legislative branches refuse to enforce.

SECOND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

The rights of indigent Schuyler County defendants who are Plaintiffs herein have been adequately served by this respective defense counsel given the minute size of the county (19.000 population) and its very limited financial resources (traditionally the second poorest county in the state).

THIRD AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Schuyler County Plaintiffs had an adequate remedy at the trial level, namely invoking the supervisory powers of the various courts in which their cases were docketed. It is the continuing responsibility of the trial judiciary to oversee the proper exercise of a criminal defendant's constitutional rights.

FOURTH AFFIRAMTIVE DEFENSE

4 Allegations of counsel failure in various cases while failing to name the defense attorneys involved deprives those attorneys of an opportunity to be heard in vindication.

FIFTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

The court has ruled that the individual defendant counties are necessary parties because the relief sought would "... almost certainly require the respective counties to fund significant increases..." (Decision and Order of August 1, 2008 in the instant action.) It would therefore seem that the potential financial impact on all 62 New York counties would be an

equally pertinent consideration requiring the naming of all counties as parties to this action.

SIXTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

The indigent defense mechanism for Schuyler County is adequate given the very small population (19,000) and the prevalent poverty level often cited as the "second poorest county in the state."

SEVENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Our county adopted the Public Defender system at the outset of the modern conception of indigent defense, beginning with a single part-time Public Defender in 1966.

During the period covered by the Complaint, Schuyler had a "full-time" Public Defender², a part-time Assistant Public Defender, a contract "conflicts defender" and occasional investigator hired on a case-by-case basis.

Access to expert services was via the CL §722-c mechanism. Relative to the size and poverty of the county, this compendium of defense services was compliant with minimal constitutional standards.

Schuyler County now has "vertical representation."

EIGHTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

- A classification in accordance with Article 9 of the CPLR is inappropriate because:
 - a. Every Public Defender client has a unique situation and hence lacks commonality with other Plaintiffs.
 - b. The issues complained of are not identical as among the Plaintiffs.

² Private practice permitted but public duties to take precedence.

c. Criminal defendants have adequate recourse within the criminal justice system.

NINTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Governmental entities are not subject to a class action under the circumstances alleged by Plaintiffs. It is particularly relevant in the instant case to note the Court of Appeals position on the relationship between stare decisis and class wide judgments (<u>Jones v. Berman</u>, 1975, 37 NY² 42, 371 NYS² 422; <u>Rivera v Katz</u>, 1986, 67 NY² 485, 504 NYS² 74, and more recently, <u>Jamie B v Hernandez</u>, 2000, 274 AD² 335, 712 NYS² 91 (1st Dpt.).

TENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

The Schuyler County Public Defender's Office was substantially and materially restructured on January 1, 2008. A new, full-time chief defender devoted exclusively to public practice was appointed. In addition a part-time Assistant Public Defender functions for 17 hours per week and a conflicts defender is employed as necessary. An investigator has been hired and office support staff is deemed adequate by the new incumbent. Additionally, case management software from the NY Public Defender's Association is to be installed September 23, 2008 to track all cases.

As a matter of perspective, it is fitting to again note that Schuyler County has only 19,000 people and an impoverished tax base.

ELEVENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Insofar as those Plaintiffs' concerned claim that they were improperly denied access to public defense due to improper application of indigency standards, such denial(s) should have been reviewed via Article 78 proceedings, the statute of limitations on which has long expired.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

Wherefore, the Defendant, Schuyler County, requests the dismissal of Plaintiffs' Complaint in its entirety. Alternatively, if Plaintiffs should prevail in the action and be awarded attorneys fees, such fees be declared the exclusive responsibility of NYS in accordance with CPLR 8601.

Respectfully submitted,

Dated: 9124108

James P. Coleman, J.D. Schuyler County Attorney 105 Ninth Street, Unit 5 Watkins Glen, N.Y. 14891 (607) 535-8121

bklemann@co.schuyler.ny.us

Connie Fern Miller, Esq.

Public Defender
601 N. Decatur Street
Watkins Glen, NY 14891
Phone: (607) 535-0057
Fax: (607) 535-4218



Stewart E. McDivitt, Esq.

Assistant Public Defender Route 14 & Ayers Street Post Office Box 359 Montour Falls, NY 14865

Phone: (607) 535-4528 Fax: (607) 535-7646

- PUBLIC DEFENDER SCHUYLER COUNTY
- An application for public defender services is filled out and returned with pay stubs and federal income tax return. The Administrator of the Public Defender's Office makes the eligibility determination.
- Approximately 19 percent annually of public defender applicants are deemed ineligible (either not indigent or the type of proceeding is not eligible).
- If an applicant is deemed ineligible, he/she is sent a letter along with a list of attorneys who have agreed to charge on a sliding scale, reduced fees, and/or accept payments. If the applicant disagrees with our determination to deny services, or if he/she wishes to submit additional information in support of his/her application, he/she is asked to do so. Ultimately, the Court(s) may determine the issue.
- Our office bases eligibility first on gross income using current poverty guidelines from the NYS Defender's Association. We also take into consideration, an applicant's expenses, number of household members, assets, seriousness of charges/case, etc.
- Nearly all persons on public assistance would meet the eligibility guidelines.
- Along with a completed application, our office requires: pay stubs, federal income tax return, orders in effect, pending petitions, etc. for family court matters; and tickets, Accusatory Instruments, felony complaints, securing orders, statements, depositions, etc. in regard to criminal court matters.
- Bail is not taken into consideration as a factor.
- We have no provisions for partial payment or other options, except that we do provide a list of attorneys to persons not eligible for public defender services (see above).
- No affidavit required in regard to the eligibility process.
- The application form contains permission to conduct an investigation into any information given in the course of the eligibility determination.
- All information is confidential.



STATE OF NEW YORK
UNIFIED COURT SYSTEM
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ANN PFAU
Chief Administrative Judge

IUANITA BING NEWTON
Deputy Chief Administrative Judge
for Justice Initiatives

Administrative Judge Criminal Court of the City of New York

April 23, 2007

Mr. Timothy M. O'Hearn County Administrator, Schuyler County County Office Building 105 Ninth Street, Unit 37 Warkins Glen, NY 14891

Dear Mr. O'Hearn:

Once again, thank you for responding to Chief Administrative Judge Jonathan Lippman's recent request for a copy of your county's assigned counsel plan. As a follow-up to that request, we are also interested in specific information regarding how your county determines eligibility for assignment of counsel for those who indicate the need for free representation. As you may be aware, the Final Report of the Commission on the Future of Indigent Defense Services highlighted eligibility as an issue of burgeoning importance in the provision of indigent representation.

Please address the following areas specifically in your response:

- a description of the eligibility process and who makes the determination;
- the annual percantage of those deemed incligible;
- the appeal process for those found incligible;
- income guidelines and other factors or information considered in eligibility determinations;
- public assistance as a factor.
- specific information or forms requested of the defendant;
- treatment of bail in the eligibility process;
- partial payment or options;
- requirement to sign an affidavit;
- permission or waivers to investigate any information given in the course of the eligibility determination; and
- the confidentiality of information provided.

Also, if there is an institutional provider or assigned counsel plan, please tell us if eligibility determinations are made in the same way. Additionally, where a minor is concerned, please address the following: rules applying to criminal and family cases: consideration of the parents' income; provision of representation if a parent(s) are found able to pay but refuse; and parental cost recovery.

JUSTICE INITIATIVES

At your earliest convenience, but no later than May 7, 2007, can you please forward such information to me, either by mail (100 Centre Street, Room 549B, NewYork, NY 10013) or electronically, (csalem@courts.state.ny.us) or both.

Thank you in advance for your attention to this matter. If you need further assistance or have any questions, please feel free to contact me at 646-386-4720.

Sincerely,

Carol Salem